

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau(43) International Publication Date
11 July 2002 (11.07.2002)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 02/054745 A1(51) International Patent Classification⁷: H04M 3/42, H04Q 7/22

(21) International Application Number: PCT/EP00/13336

(22) International Filing Date:
29 December 2000 (29.12.2000)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

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(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

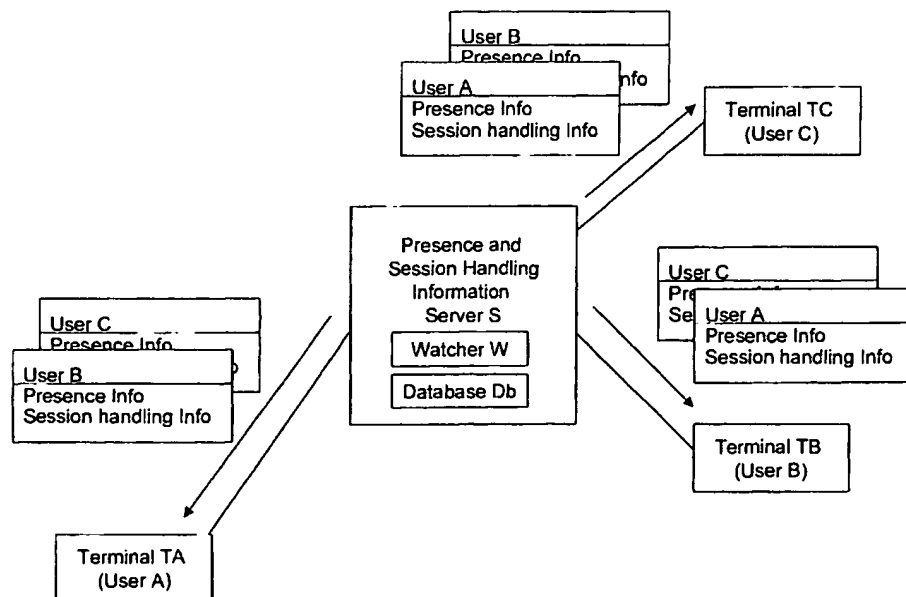
(84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— with international search report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: PRESENCE AND SESSION HANDLING INFORMATION



(57) Abstract: The invention proposes a method for controlling a network comprising the steps of providing presence information to a user, wherein the presence information includes information regarding the presence of at least one other user in a network, and providing session handling information, wherein the session handling information includes information about how a session, which can be initiated to the other user, will be handled. The invention also proposes a corresponding network control device.

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PRESENCE AND SESSION HANDLING INFORMATIONField of the invention

5 The present invention relates to a method for controlling a network and a network control device, by which a user is provided with information regarding presence etc. of other users in a network system.

10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates in general to initiating sessions. In the following, the term "session" is referred to a call, a multimedia video call, a whiteboard
15 session, a chat, a messaging session, a game session or the like. In case of starting such a session, the user does not know before whether the intended session partner is available or not.

20 For example, in case a user A wants to initiate a video call to a user B. For this, the user A has to prepare the communication and has to start corresponding applications on his terminal (e.g., a personal computer or a mobile communication device like UMTS mobile phone). In this
25 case, it is disadvantageous when user B is not available (i.e., is not online) and the troubles of user A were in vain.

Currently, in Instant Messaging and Present Protocol
30 (IMPP) the user can get further information before starting a session. Instant Messaging allows a user to forward messages to terminals of other users immediately without the use of e-mails or the like. Therefor, also the intended recipient of such an instant message must be
35 online. Thus, it is necessary for the sender (user A) to

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know whether the intended recipient is actually online. This information is provided by a so-called contact list (also referred to as "buddy list").

- 5 From this list, user A can get presence information, present status, location information etc. of the other users which are subscribed to such an Instant Messaging system.
- 10 The presence information indicates whether a particular user is online or offline. The present status indicates further whether the particular user is, for example, available, busy, available only for chat & games but not for calls and the like. The location information
- 15 comprises information regarding the location like address, current position and the like (e.g. downtown Helsinki; Hauptstr. 12, 71069 Sindelfingen; longitude x, latitude y, altitude h etc.). Thus, by using this Instant Messaging and Present Protocol (IMPP), a user can get
- 20 information regarding the presence of another user.

For Instant Messaging, many competing protocols are available, open and proprietary ones (e.g. AOL Instant Messaging), which are mainly designed for Personal

25 Computer applications.

However, from the present protocols and resulting IMPP services, it is not possible for a user (i.e., the initiator of a session) to see how his session initiation

30 will be handled.

That is, he may see from the contact list that someone is online, but it is not possible to see whether the recipient is actually prepared to accept a session like a

35 call or the like.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Therefore, the object underlying the invention resides in
5 removing the above drawbacks of the prior art and to
improve the information provided for a user before or
during initiating a session.

This object is solved by a method for controlling a
10 network comprising the steps of
 providing presence information to a user, wherein
 the presence information includes information regarding
 the presence of at least one other user in a network, and
 providing session handling information, wherein the
15 session handling information includes information about
 how a session, which can be initiated to the other user,
 will be handled.

Alternatively, the above object is solved by a network
20 control device, wherein
 the network control device is adapted to provide to
 a first user presence information and session handling
 information regarding at least one other user,
 wherein the presence information includes
25 information regarding the presence of the other user in a
 network, and the session handling information includes
 information about how a session, which can be initiated
 to the other user, will be handled.

30 Hence, a user can obtain by using the above method or the
network control device information regarding presence of
another user and, in addition, information as to how a
session will be handled, if the user starts a session to
the other user.

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Thus, before a user starts a session based on the information (i.e., from an enhanced contact list, which includes the presence and session handling information), he can already see how and where his session is handled.

5 This is more convenient than the current "try a session and see where it ends", wherein, e.g., a user calls someone and then has to notice that he is connected to the voicemail box or that the session is forwarded to someone else.

10

The presence information and session handling information may be provided before a session to the other user is initiated. Thus, a user knows in advance how a session to another user will be handled, before he actually starts

15 the session.

The session handling information comprises information regarding forwarding of a session. Thus, a user can know before starting a session whether his session will be

20 forwarded to someone else or a session recording system.

The session may be a call and the session handling information comprises information regarding forwarding of a call. Hence, a user can know before initiating the call

25 whether his call will be forwarded to another person or to a voice mailbox system.

The information may be obtained by an information obtaining device. The information may be obtained by

30 accessing a database comprising presence and session handling information.

Such a database may be arranged in a dedicated network control device. By this measure, all important data are

35 hold in the network control device itself.

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The database may be an external database. By this measure, it is possible to ensure that only up-to-date information of a specific user are used. The external
5 database may be a Home Subscriber Server (HSS) or a Home Location Register (HLR), for example.

The presence information may further comprise location information of a user and/or may further comprise
10 information regarding which type of communication is possible with a user.

The presence and session handling information may be provided individually for each user. That is, different
15 users may obtain different information regarding the same user. By this measure, some privacy can be ensured such that not all information are presented to all users of a server.

20 The invention also proposes a network system comprising a network control device as described above and at least one communication device adapted to receive the presence and session handling information.

25 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will be more readily understood with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

30 Fig. 1 shows a presence information server and user terminals connected to the server according to a first embodiment, and

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Fig. 2 shows a presence information server and user terminals connected to the server according to a second embodiment.

5 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

In the following, a preferred embodiments of the invention are described in more detail with reference to the accompanying drawings.

10

Fig. 1 shows a network system comprising a Presence and Session Handling Information Server S and a plurality of terminals TA to TC of users A to C connected to the server. The connections between each terminal and the
15 server, and also the terminals itself may be configured arbitrarily. That is, a terminal may be a computer which is connected to the server via the Internet or a mobile phone which is connected via a mobile telephone network to the server. The necessary gateways and the like for
20 connecting different types of terminals to the server are omitted here for simplifying the description.

The Presence and Session Handling Information Server S provides an enhanced contact list (which is also referred
25 to as a "buddy" list). In this list, each user connected to the server is included and information regarding his presence etc. are included. That is, the contact list indicates for each user presence information (online/offline), present status (available, busy,
30 available for specific communications like chat or online games only, etc.), location information and the like.

In addition, the contact list indicates for each user how a session initiated to this user will be handled. This

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information is referred to as session handling information.

For example, an important manner how a session is handled is forwarding of sessions. That is, if user A wants to call user B, it is possible that user A has forwarded sessions (e.g., telephone calls) to, e.g., his secretary. In case user A wants to talk to user B privately, then starting a call, i.e., a session, would be useless.

10

Thus, due to the session handling information (in the above case: forwarding information) a user can know before starting a session whether his session will be forwarded to someone else or a session recording the system. For example, the forwarding information can indicate that voice sessions are forwarded to the voice mailbox system, whereas fax will be forwarded to a fax-to-email gateway and email will be forwarded to a secretary, etc.

20

Thus, according to the present invention the enhanced contact list also includes session handling information. In the following, an example for such an enhanced contact list is given:

25

User B: Presence Information

- online,
- available for chat,
- not available for calls

30

Session Handling Information

- forwarding:
 - calls to secretary: +497894123456,
 - fax to +497894123489,
 - emails to postmaster@homedomain.com

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User C: Presence Information

- online,
 - available for games,
 - accepts only calls based on his business
- 5 contact namelist at URL:
 user_A_buisness_contacts.homedomain.com
 (does not accept other calls)

Session Handling Information

- forwarding:
- 10 calls to Ms. X (wife): +358-50-987654
 fax to Gatewayfax
 user.C@fax.homedomain.com
 emails forwarded to wastebasket.

15 As illustrated in Fig. 1, user A receives the information
regarding users B and C which are also connected to the
server S. Thus, user A can already see from his contact
list (i.e., when looking at the session handling
information) if it is worth to start the session. 'If in
20 the above example user A wants to speak to user C in
person, he might not start a session because he sees that
his session will be forwarded to user C's wife.

Thus, before a user starts a session based on the
25 information in his contact list (buddy list), he can
already see how and where his session is handled.

According to the present (first) embodiment, the
necessary information is hold in the Presence and Session
30 Handling Information Server S. That is, the server S
comprises a database Db in which information necessary
for providing the presence and session handling
information (i.e., for providing the contact list) are
included. The server transmits the information to each
35 user connected to the server S and updates the

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information. For example, an update can be performed periodically at regular intervals (e.g. every minute) or not periodically on each occasion a user contacts the server.

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It is noted that the contact list can be the same for every user (i.e., the user also receives information regarding himself), but can also be generated individually for each user. This case is illustrated in Fig. 1 according to which the users do not receive information about themselves.

10

In addition, the information may be provided differently for each user. For example, it is assumed that user C is prepared to accept sessions only from user A but not from user B. Thus, the corresponding presence information for user A indicates "available for calls", but the corresponding presence information for user B indicates "not available for calls".

20

Similarly, only sessions from a particular user (e.g., A) may be forwarded to a secretary of user C, whereas sessions from other users (e.g. B) are not forwarded at all or are forwarded directly to the voice mail of user C. By this measure, some privacy can be achieved. That is, for example the telephone number of the person to whom sessions are forwarded is not presented to everyone who is connected to the Presence and Session Handling Information Server S.

30

The information for the user profile database is obtained, for example, by using a watcher W. A watcher is a client by which information regarding the presence and the session handling with respect to a user is detected. The watcher (information obtaining means) operates

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basically in two manners. On the one hand, the watcher requests from the user to input specific information, for example during log-in. On the other hand, the watcher notifies changes during a session. For example, in case
5 after e.g. 20 minutes no input was received from user A, it is assumed that this user is currently not using his terminal TA and accordingly his availability of the presence information is switched to "not available."

10 Thus, the database of the Presence and Session Handling Information Server S is always updated by means of the watcher W, and the updated data are forwarded to the users connected to the server S.

15 According to the first embodiment, all necessary information are hold in the database of the Presence and Session Handling Information Server S.

However, some of the information necessary for presence
20 and session handling information may be already stored in other existing databases. For example, in UMTS (Universal Mobile Telephone System) the Home Subscriber Server (HSS) comprises data related to subscriber information of a user, location information of a user and a user profile.

25 Thus, according to a second embodiment, the Presence and Session Handling Information Server comprises links to other databases which supplement the present information of a user. These links may be interfaces to the HSS as
30 mentioned above, and/or other user profile databases, location databases etc.

In Fig. 2, an example for such a link to another database, here the HSS, is illustrated. The same

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reference characters denote the same or similar elements as those shown in Fig. 1.

As indicated in Fig. 2, the HSS provides subscription
5 information, location information and user profiles. The watcher W1 of the server S is able to establish a link to the HSS and fetch the information required for the Presence and Session Handling Information Server.

10 Thus, a new interface between the server S and the external database has to be defined, as illustrated in Fig. 2.

It is noted that there may be several links to a
15 plurality of different databases, depending on the different types of network systems the users belong to. For example, also Home Location Register (HLR) or a main subscriber database of an Internet Provider may be contacted.

20 Furthermore, it is noted that the watcher mentioned in the above embodiments is only an example, and any detecting device suitable to obtain the necessary information can be used.

25 Moreover, the contact list described above may contain even more items than mentioned in the above embodiments. That is, also other information items regarding a user may be included, which may be related to a session
30 initiation or not, or which provide additional information about a user.

The above description and accompanying drawings only illustrate the present invention by way of example. Thus,

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the embodiment may vary within the scope of the attached claims.

In particular, the embodiments can also be combined. That
5 is, all data may be hold in the database Db of the server
S (as in the first embodiment), but in addition links to
other databases like HSS are provided (as in the second
embodiment) by means of which the database Db of the
server S is updated.

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Claims

1. A method for controlling a network comprising the
5 steps of
 providing presence information to a user (A),
 wherein the presence information includes information
 regarding the presence of at least one other user (B, C)
 in a network, and
10 providing session handling information, wherein the
 session handling information includes information about
 how a session, which can be initiated to the other user,
 will be handled.
- 15 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the
 providing steps are performed before a session to the
 other user is initiated.
3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the session
20 handling information comprises information regarding
 forwarding of a session.
4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the session
 is a call and the session handling information comprises
25 information regarding forwarding of a call.
5. The method according to claim 1, wherein the
 information providing steps comprise steps of accessing a
 database (Db; HSS) comprising presence and session
30 handling information.
6. The method according to claim 5, wherein the
 database (Db) is arranged in a dedicated server (S) for
 performing the method.

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7. The method according to claim 5, wherein the database is an external database.
8. The method according to claim 7, wherein the
5 external database is a Home Subscriber Server (HSS).
9. The method according to claim 7, wherein the external database is a Home Location Register (HLR).
- 10 10. The method according to claim 1, wherein the presence information further comprises location information of a user.
11. The method according to claim 1, wherein the
15 presence information further comprises information regarding which type of communication is possible with a user.
12. The method according to claim 1, wherein in the
20 information providing step the information is provided individually for each user.
13. A network control device, wherein
the network control device (S) is adapted to provide
25 presence information and session handling information to a user (A),
wherein the presence information includes
information regarding the presence of at least one other
user (B, C) in a network, and the session handling
30 information includes information about how a session,
which can be initiated to the other user, will be handled.

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14. The network control device according to claim 13,
wherein the network control device is adapted to provide
the presence information and session handling information
- 5 15. The network control device according to claim 13,
wherein the session handling information comprises
information regarding forwarding of a session.
16. The network control device according to claim 13,
10 wherein the session is a call and the session handling
information comprises information regarding forwarding of
a call.
17. The network control device according to claim 13,
15 further comprising an information obtaining means (W; W1)
for obtaining presence information and session handling
information.
18. The network control device according to claim 17,
20 wherein the information obtaining means (W; W1) is
adapted to access a database (Db; HSS) comprising
presence information and session handling information
19. The network control device according to claim 18,
25 wherein the database (Db) is arranged in the network
control device (S).
20. The network control device according to claim 18,
wherein the database is an external database.
- 30 21. The network control device according to claim 20,
wherein the database is a Home Subscriber Server (HSS).
22. The network control device according to claim 20,
35 wherein the database is a Home Location Register (HLR).

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23. The network control device according to claim 13,
wherein the presence information further comprises
location information of a user.

5

24. The network control device according to claim 13,
wherein the presence information further comprises
information regarding which type of communication is
possible with a user.

10

25. The network control device according to claim 13,
wherein the network control device is adapted to provide
the information individually to each user.

15 26. A network system comprising a network control device
according to one of the claims 13 to 25 and at least one
communication device (TA) adapted to receive the presence
and session handling information.

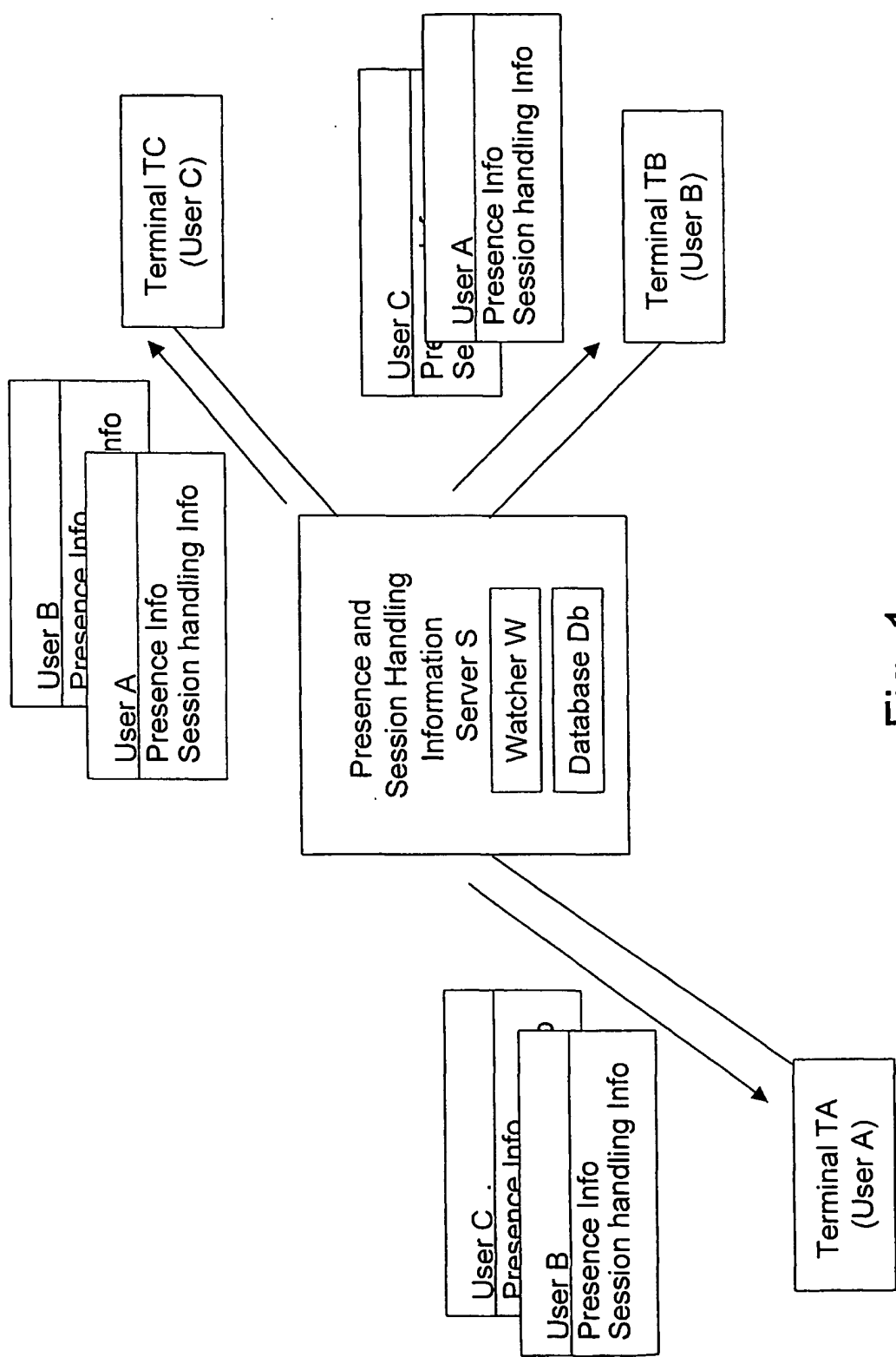


Fig. 1

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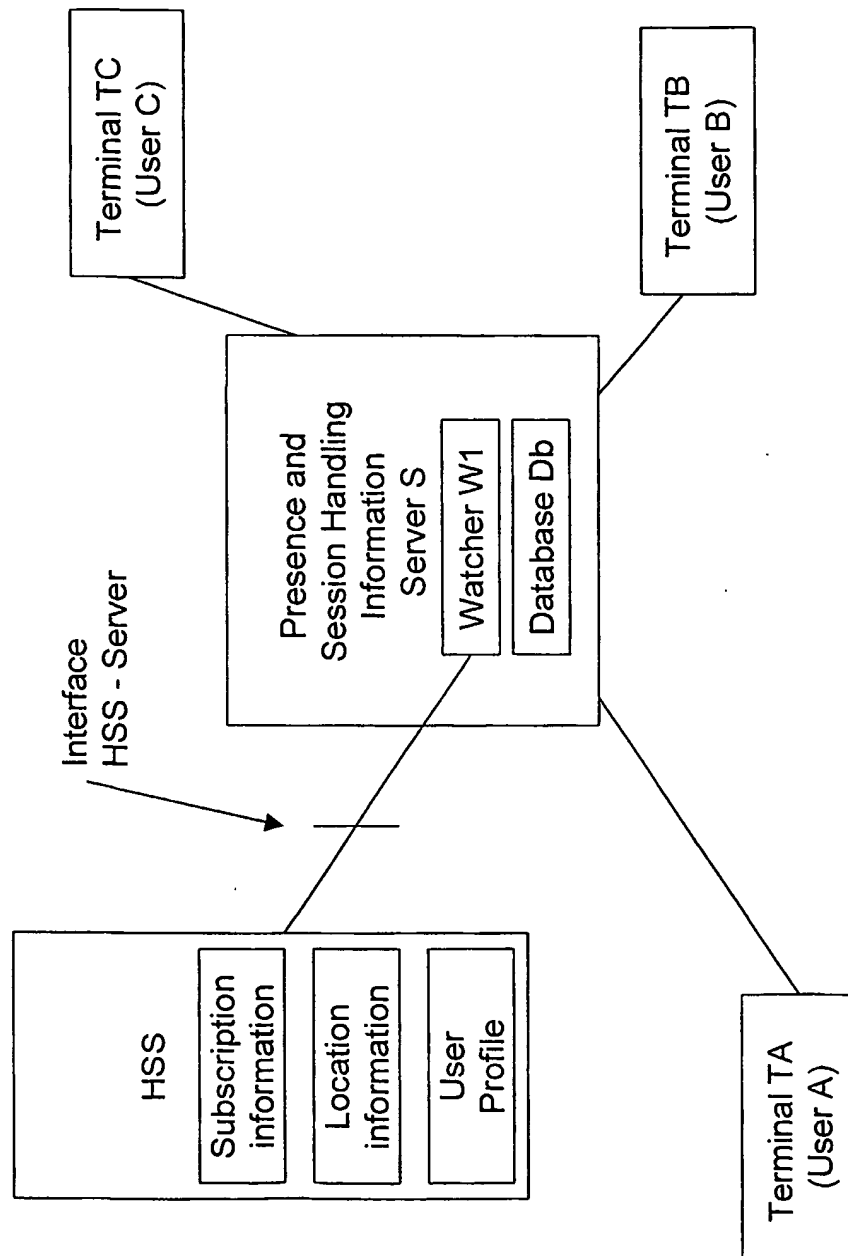


Fig. 2

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/EP 00/13336

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 H04M3/42 H04Q7/22		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 H04M H04Q		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, INSPEC, IBM-TDB, COMPENDEX		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 99 34628 A (ERICSSON TELEFON AB L M) 8 July 1999 (1999-07-08) abstract page 2, line 16 -page 3, line 22 ---	1-10, 13-23,26
X	ESCHENBURG A: "WO LAUFEN SIE DENN? ICQ HAEFT VERBINDUNG ZU BEKANNTEN" CT MAGAZIN FUER COMPUTER TECHNIK, DE, VERLAG HEINZ HEISE GMBH., HANNOVER, no. 22, 26 October 1998 (1998-10-26), pages 92-95, XP000779803 ISSN: 0724-8679 column 2, paragraph 1 -column 3, paragraph 2 --- -/--	1,2, 11-14, 24-26
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Patent family members are listed in annex.		
* Special categories of cited documents : *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone *Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. *G* document member of the same patent family		
Date of the actual completion of the international search		Date of mailing of the international search report
1 August 2001		08/08/2001
Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3018		Authorized officer Willems, B

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